

















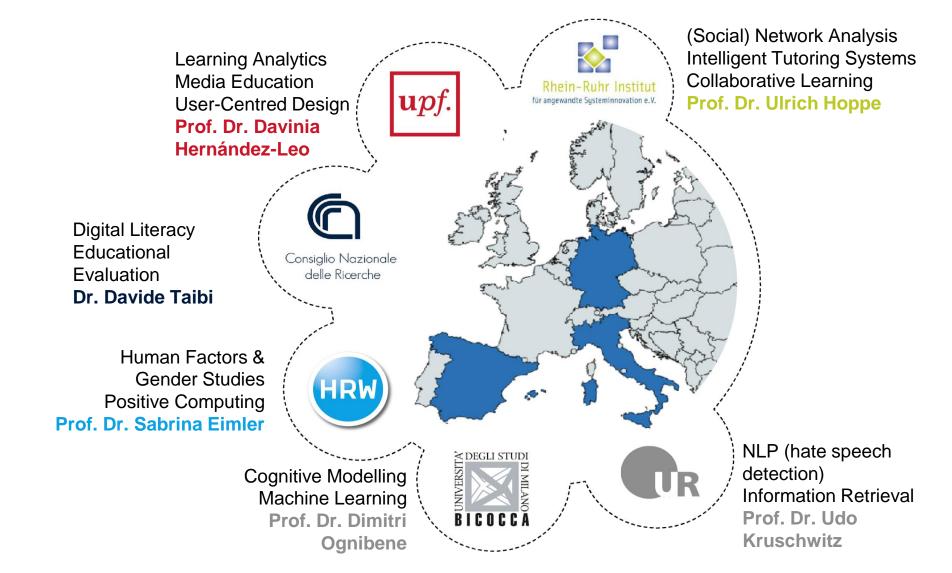




COURAGE Team

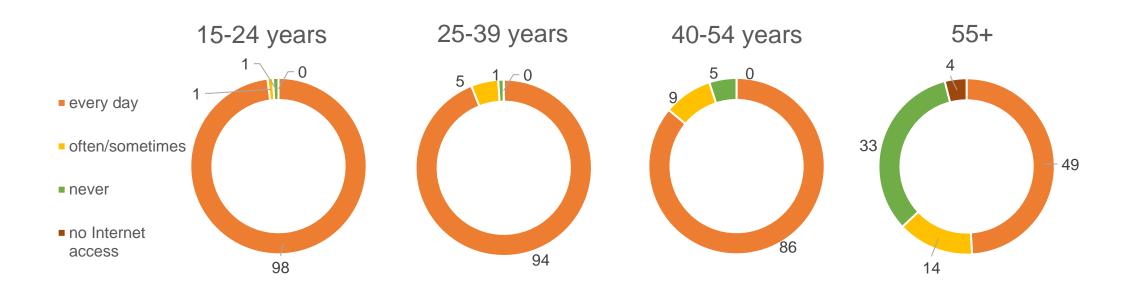
Interdisciplinary and international perspectives

International and interdisciplinary team





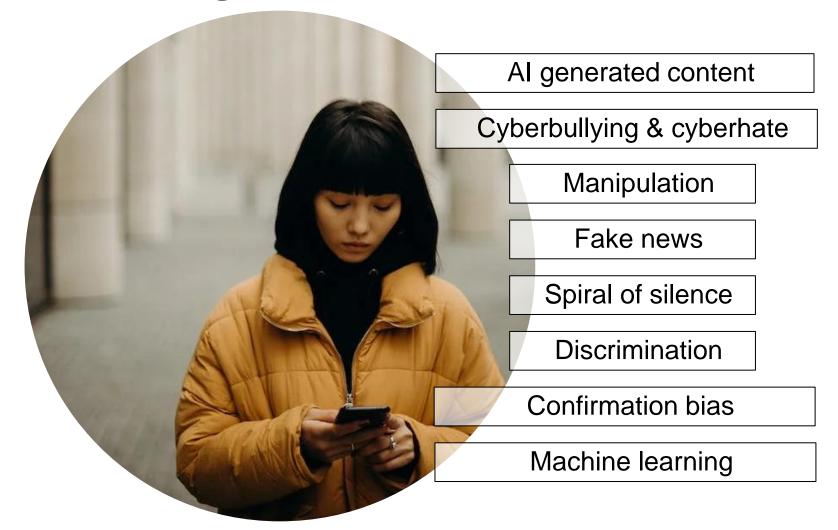
Internet use in EU depending on age



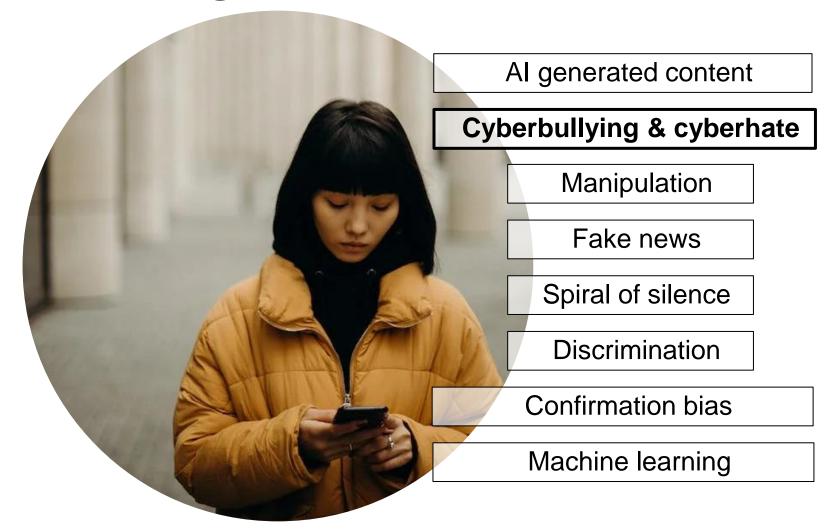
- Using online social networks is the most mentioned activity in six countries of the EU
- Overall, using online social networks is one of the three most mentioned activities in 17 countries (European Commission, 2020)



Challenges of social media...



Challenges of social media...



... and it's consequences

Cyberbullying & cyberhate



Somatic complaints

Depressive symptoms

Suicidal symptoms

Poorer academic performance

Less innovation, less creativity

Post-traumatic stress symptoms

So, what do we need?



Strengthen self-protection skills among young users

Increase awareness of potential threats

Help users counter the spread of toxic content

Improve digital literacy

Develop educational interventions

Enable educators to support students!



Aims of the COURAGE project

- ✓ Develop digital interventions that provide hands-on experiences to learn about threats of social media
- ✓ Integrate **educational interventions** within a social media environment
- ✓ Use virtual learning companions (VLCs) that transfer knowledge and reinforce skills
- ✓ Provide **teachers** with VLCs and trainings for their students

The VLC

- Takes the role of knowledgeable peer rather than an expert (Pezzullo, 2017)
- Is beneficial for affective learning and raising learning curiosity (Woolf, 2021; Wu, 2012)



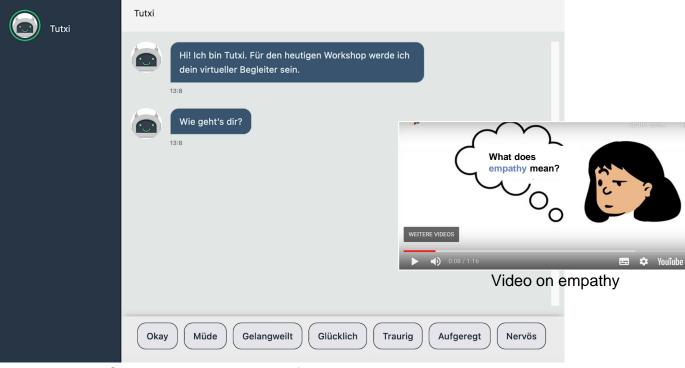
Empirical Approach

Developing and testing interfaces for educators to empower students and educatively reshape social media

Empathy training by a VLC



The VLC "Tutxi"



Social media environment for empathy training

Activates **cognitive features** like recognizing, evaluating, and naming feelings as required in an **empathic process** (Sahin, 2012)



Cyberbullying scenario



Empathy training by a VLC: Hypotheses

Hypotheses:

- Students show fewer cyberbullying intentions after taking the empathy training than before
- Students taking the empathy training, show ...
 - Higher levels of cognitive and affective empathy
 - Higher intentions to help the victim in the cyberbullying scenario
 - Less intentions to reinforce the perpetrator in the cyberbullying scenario
 - ... compared to students not taking empathy training

Research Question:

 Are there differences in dependent variables between students from Brazil, Germany, Italy, and Spain?

Empathy training by a VLC: Procedure



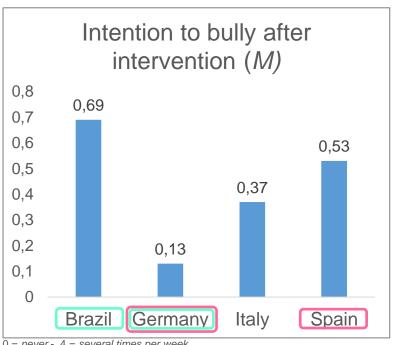
Sample:

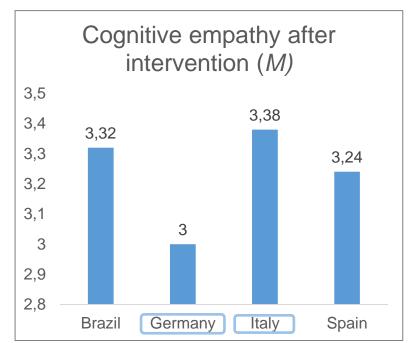
- N = 332 students
- From Brazil (n = 54), Germany (n = 104), Italy (n = 77), and Spain (n = 97)
- 11 17 years (M = 13.63, SD = 1.97)
- n = 165 female, n = 161 male, n = 5 divers/non-binary, n = 1 did not specify their gender

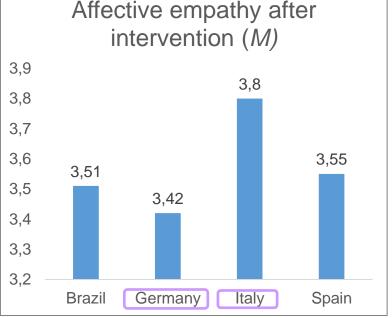


Empathy training by a VLC: Results

No significant change in cyberbullying intentions, overall empathy, intention to help and reinforce the perpetrator after taking the empathy training, but significant differences between countries:







0 = never - 4 = several times per week

p < .001p = .002 1 = does not describe me well - 5 = describes me very well p = .034

1 = does not describe me well - 5 = describes me very well p = .049



Empathy training by a VLC: Conclusion

- Early interventions are needed, even before bully intentions arise
- We need an even more holistic empathy training
 - Long-term study
- Empathy training at school as a starting point, ongoing intervention afterwards
- Focus more on country-specific differences!

Overall...





THANKYOU

Project coordination: Hochschule Ruhr West – University of Applied Sciences Prof. Dr. Sabrina Eimler, Human Factors & Gender Studies



www.upf.edu/web/courage



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